## #221, #222 <u>U.S. HISTORY I</u>

GRADE: 11

LEVEL: LEVEL 1 and LEVEL 2

**CREDITS: 5** 

PREREQUISITE: Level 1: A passing grade of 74 in American Government 161.

Level 2: A passing grade in American Government 162

**BASIC TEXT:** 

Level 1: History of the United States, Boorstin and Kelley

Level 2: The Story of America, Garraty

#### **SUPPLEMENTAL READINGS:**

Mayflower Compact

Declaration of Independence

Northwest Ordinance

U. S. Constitution

Federalist Paper # 10

Bill of Rights

Independence Day Speech – F. Douglass

Seneca Falls Declaration of Sentiments

and Resolutions

Gettysburg Address

Lincoln's First and Second Inaugural Addresses

**REQUIRED MATERIALS**: notebook /binder

## **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course is a study of major events in American History from the Revolution to Reconstruction. The course emphasizes analysis of factual information, historical research, and relevant geographic political and economic principles.

#### MISSION RELATED GOALS:

"Communicate effectively," "work with others toward a common goal," "respect the rights of others."

**STUDENT EXPECTATIONS FOR LEARNING ADDRESSED**: Students will communicate effectively, solve complex problems, and work with others toward a common goal.

## **GENERAL PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. Understand the chronological order of historical events.
- 2. Identify the causes and effects of historical events.
- 3. Analyze documents to distinguish fact and opinion and evaluate their importance.
- 4. Interpret graphs, maps, charts and political cartoons.
- 5. Categorize and synthesize facts into patterns.
- 6. Collect, evaluate and apply information to make connections between historical events and social, economic and political trends.

#### MASSACHUSETTS FRAMEWORKS STRANDS:

- US1.1 Explain the political and economic factors that contributed to the American Revolution.
- US1.2 Explain the influence and ideas of the Declaration of Independence and the political philosophy of Thomas Jefferson.
- US1.8 Describe the debate over the ratification of the Constitution between Federalists and Anti-Federalists and explain the key ideas contained in the Federalist Papers.
- US1.11 Describe the purpose and function of government
- US1.15 Explain the varying roles and responsibilities of federal, state and local government in the United States.
- US1.20 Explain the evolution of political parties including their role in federal, state and local elections.
- US.1.25 Trace the influence and ideas of Justice John Marshall and the importance of the doctrine of judicial review as manifested in the Marbury v. Madison decision.
- US1.35 Describe how the different economies and cultures of the North and South contributed to the growing importance of sectional politics in the early 19<sup>th</sup> century.
- US1.36 Summarize the critical developments leading to the Civil War.
- US1.40 Provide examples of the various effects of the Civil War.
- US1.41. Explain the policies and consequences of Reconstruction.

#### MASSACHUSETTS FRAMEWORK STANDARDS:

The Political and Intellectual Origins of the American Nation: the Revolution and the Constitution. 1763-1789.

The Formation and Framework of American Democracy,

Political Democratization, Westward Expansion, and Diplomatic Developments, 1790-1860 Economic Growth in the North and South, 1800-1860,

Social, Political, and Religious Change, 1800-1860

The Civil War and Reconstruction, 1860-1877

## UNITS AND THEMES/COURSE OUTLINE

- I. American Revolution (2 weeks)
  - A. Road to the Revolution
    - 1. French and Indian War
    - 2. Imperialistic Policies
      - a. Mercantilism
      - b. Unpopular acts (Stamp Act, Townshend Duties)
      - c. Reaction
        - 1. Stamp Act Congress
        - 2. Boston Tea Party
    - 3. First Continental Congress
    - 4. Declaration of Independence
      - a. Common Sense
      - b. Second Continental Congress
      - c. Compromises
      - d. Jefferson. Adams, Franklin, Hancock
  - B. The War
    - 1. Comparison of sides
    - 2. Important individuals
    - 3. Important battles
    - 4. Peace of Paris

- II. Formation of the American Government (2 weeks)
  - A. First Constitution AKA The Articles of Confederation
    - 1. Strengths
    - 2. Weaknesses
  - B. Colonies to States, using Massachusetts as a model
  - C. Constitution Convention
    - 1. Shays's Rebellion
    - 2. The Annapolis Convention
    - 3. The Great Compromise
    - 4. The Three Fifths Compromise
    - 5. Ratification
      - a. Federalists v Antifederalists
      - b. Federalist's Papers
      - c. James Madison
  - D. Review Bill of Rights and Constitution
  - III. The Nation Begins (2 weeks)
    - A. Washington, Adams, Jefferson
      - 1. Domestic Issues
        - a. Hamilton v Jefferson
        - b. Political parties
        - c. Jeffersonian Democracy
        - d. Marshall Court
        - e. Marbury v Madison
      - 2. Foreign Issues
        - 1. Proclamation of Neutrality
        - 2. Farewell Address
        - 3. Citizen Genet
        - 4. XYZ Affair
        - 5. Alien and Sedition Acts
    - B. Madison and Monroe
      - 1. War of 1812
      - 2. Monroe Doctrine
- IV. Social, Political, and Religious Changes (2 weeks)
  - A. Jacksonian Democracy
    - 1. Election of 1828
    - 2. Spoils System
    - 3. The Common Man
    - 4. National Bank
    - 5. Indian Policy
  - B. Free Compulsory Education (Horace Mann)
  - C. Second Great Awakening
  - D. Treatment of the Mentally III (Dorothea Dix)
  - E. Influence of Transcendentalism
    - 1. Emerson
    - 2. Thoreau
  - F. Women's Suffrage Movement
    - 1. Seneca Falls Convention
    - 2. Seneca Falls Declaration

- G. Abolitionists Movement
  - 1. North reaction- south reaction
  - 2. Garrison, Weld, Tubman, Douglas
- V. Westward Expansion- The Challenge of Growth (1 Week)
  - A. Causes
    - 1. "Era of Good Feeling"
      - a. War of 1812
      - b. Monroe Doctrine
      - c. Manifest Destiny
  - B. Course
    - 1. Louisiana Purchase
    - 2. Texas Annexation
    - 3. Oregon Territory
    - 4. Gadsden Purchase
    - 5. Mexican Cession
  - C. Consequences
    - 1. Mexican War
    - 2. Gold Rush
    - 3. Slave v Free State Issue
- VI. Sectionalism- Going Separate Ways (2 weeks)
  - A. The South
    - 1. Plantation Society
    - 2 Slavery
    - 3. King Cotton
    - 4. Trade/Tariff
    - 5. Belief
      - a. States Rights
      - b. Nullification
      - c. Secession
    - 6. Monetary Beliefs
  - B. The North
    - 1. Transportation Revolution
    - 2. Textile Industry
    - 3. Merchants / Manufacturers
    - 4. Trade / Tariff
    - 5. Beliefs
      - a. States
      - b. Central Government
    - 6. Monetary Policy
  - C. The West
    - 1. American System
    - 2. Beliefs
    - 3. Monetary Policy

## VII. Civil War (3 weeks)

- A. Issues and Differences (North / South)
- B. Critical Developments
  - 1. Missouri Compromise
  - 2. South Carolina Nullification Crisis
  - 3. Wilmot Proviso
  - 4. Uncle Tom's Cabin
  - 5. Kansas Nebraska Act
  - 6. Dred Scott
  - 7. Lincoln- Douglas Debates
  - 8. John Brown's Raid
  - 9. Election of 1860
- C. Union, Confederate and Border States
- D. Strengths and Weaknesses of Union / Confederacy
- E. Lincoln
  - 1. Background
  - 2. Presidency
    - a. First / Second Inaugural Addresses
    - b. Slavery /Emancipation

#### F. War

- 1. Leaders
- 2. Battles
  - a. Bull Run
  - b. Fort Wagner / Mass 54<sup>th</sup> Regiment
  - c. Antietam
  - d. Vicksburg
  - e. Gettysburg

#### G. Effects

- 1. Casualties
- 2. Physical / Economic Destruction
- 3. Attitudes
- 4. Role of the Federal Government

## VIII. Reconstruction (3 weeks)

- A. Plans
  - 1. Presidential (Lincoln / Johnson)
  - 2. Congressional (Radical Republicans)
- B. 13, 14, 15 Amendments
- C. Impeachment of Andrew Johnson
  - 1. Process
  - 2. Issues
  - 3. Edmund Ross
- D. Southern Reaction (Jim Crow Laws)
- E. Northern Reaction
  - 1. Waving the Bloody Shirt
  - 2. Military Occupation
- F. Presidential Election of 1876
  - 1. Compromise of 1877
  - 2. Significance
  - 3. Reaction
- G. Plessy v Ferguson (1896)
  - 1. Significance
  - 2. Reaction

#### **SUGGESTED INSTRUCTIONAL ACTIVITIES:**

Level 1: Recreation of impeachment trial. Reading <u>Profiles In Courage</u> (ch. 6)

Level 2 : Class discussion of native born / naturalized citizens.

Read and discuss landmark case Plessy vs. Ferguson.

Level 1: Video- 1776, Pre and Post discussion of individuals portrayed; Compromises reached

Level 2: Video - April Morning (excerpt) Pre and post discussion of the

British troops vs. Minutemen

Level 1: Essay - Massachusetts Constitution/Constitution similarities and differences

Level 2: Jeopardy Game to reinforce and review basic government concepts

Level 1: Video - Marbury vs Madison; pre and post discussion of this landmark case.

Level 2: Questions and answers of Monroe Doctrine

Level 1: Group presentation of national changes. Compare and contrast Declaration of Indep. and Declaration of Rights and Resolutions

Level 2: Reports and interviews of personalities.

Level 1: Map work, reading primary source accounts of settlers

Level 2: Map work

Level 1: Role play Northerners /Southerners

Level 2: Excepts from Uncle Tom's Cabin Biography of Clay, Calhoun, Webster etc.

Level 1: Creation of a timeline. Writing of newspaper accounts of events noted. Video - *Glory* discussion/ essay

Level 2: Video - Glory / discussion. Create an obituary for Abe Lincoln

# **SUGGESTED INTEGRATION STRATEGIES:**

Presentation of the Impeachment Trial of Andrew Johnson.

Calculate the distance of pioneer travel on specific trails.

Research and prepare authentic southern recipes.

### **USE OF TECHNOLOGY:**

Pertinent websites, VCR, overhead projector, Powerpoint

## **ASSESSMENT TECHNIQUES:**

Quizzes, exams, presentation and projects evaluated with rubrics.

Use of school-wide writing rubric